

## AMS316 Homework #1

This problem set is used as a self-test of your background on AMS311 and AMS315, it doesn't represent the format or level of homework in AMS316. The grade of homework 1 will be not counted for final grade.

1. Let the random variable  $X$  and  $Y$  have joint distribution

$$P(X = a, Y = 0) = P(X = 0, Y = a) = P(X = -a, Y = 0) = P(X = 0, Y = -a) = 1/4.$$

Show that  $X - Y$  and  $X + Y$  are independent.

2. The beta function  $B(a, b)$  is given by  $B(a, b) = \int_0^1 v^{a-1}(1-v)^{b-1}dv$ ;  $a > 0, b > 0$ . The beta distribution has density

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{B(a, b)} x^{a-1}(1-x)^{b-1}, \quad \text{for } 0 < x < 1.$$

If  $X$  has the beta distribution, show that  $E(X) = B(a+1, b)/B(a, b)$ . What is  $\text{Var}(X)$ ?

3. A molecule  $M$  has velocity  $w = (x, y, z)$  in Cartesian coordinates. Suppose that  $x, y$  and  $z$  have joint density:

$$f(x, y, z) = (2\pi\sigma^2)^{-3/2} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)\right).$$

Show that the density of the magnitude  $|w| = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$  of  $w$  is

$$f(w) = \left(\frac{2}{\pi}\right)^{1/2} \sigma^{-3} w^2 \exp\left(-\frac{w^2}{2\sigma^2}\right), \quad w > 0.$$

(Hint: Argue that  $x, y, z$  are independent first, and then notice that  $w^2/\sigma^2$  follows a  $\chi^2$  distribution).

4. Consider a continuous random variable  $X$  with density function  $f(x)$ , mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$ . Show that

$$\sigma^2 \geq \int_{|x-\mu| \geq \epsilon} (x-\mu)^2 f(x) dx \geq \epsilon^2 \int_{|x-\mu| \geq \epsilon} f(x) dx,$$

and furthermore,

$$P(|X - \mu| \geq \epsilon) \leq \frac{\sigma^2}{\epsilon^2}.$$

5. Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  are independent and identically distributed random variables with mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$ . Apply the result in Problem 4 for  $X = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i/n$  to show the law of large number.